WINSTAR Display

OLED SPECIFICATION

Model No:

WEA012864DLPP3N00001

CUSTOMER :	CL	STO	MER	:
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MODULE NO.: WEA012864DLPP3N00001

APPROVED BY:

(FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY)

SALES BY	APPROVED BY CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY
RELEASE DATE		·

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MODE	L NO:			
REC	ORDS OF REV	ISION	DOC. FIRST ISSUE	
VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	SUMMARY	•

First release

Modify Static electricity test Content of Test

2018/03/28

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Contents

- 1. Module Classification Information
- 2.General Specification
- 3. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram
- 4.Interface Pin Function
- 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings
- 6. Electrical Characteristics
- 7. Optical Characteristics
- 8.OLED Lifetime
- 9.Reliability
- 10.Inspection specification
- 11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

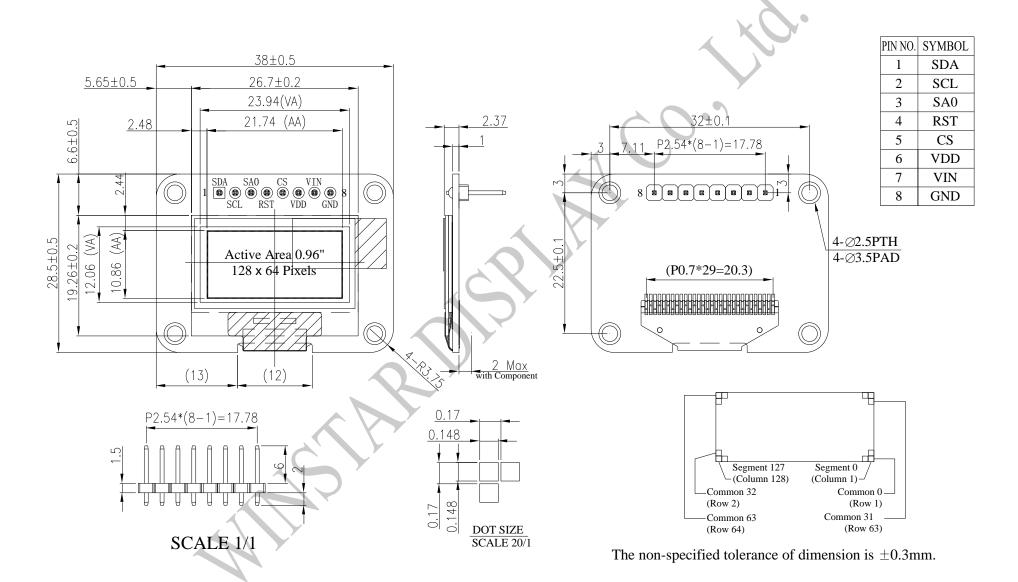
1.Module Classification Information

1	Brand: WINST	AR DISPLAY CORPORA	TION
2	E:OLED		
		H: COB Character	G: COB Graphic
3	Diaplay Type	O: COG	F: COG + FR
3	Display Type	P:COG+FR+PCB	X: TAB
		A: COG + PCB	
4	Dot Matrix: 12	28 * 64	
5	Serials code		
		A: Amber	R : Red C : Full Color
6	Emitting Color	B: Blue	W : White
0		G: Green	L: Yellow
		S: Sky Blue	X : Dual Color
7	Polarizer	P: With Polarizer; N: V	
_		A: Anti-glare Polarizer	
8	Display Mode	P: Passive Matrix; N	
9	Driver Voltage	3:3.0~3.3V; 5:5	
10	Touch Panel	N: Without touch pane	el; T: With touch panel
		0 : Standard	
		1 : Daylight Readable	
11	Product type	2: Transparent OLED	,
		3 : Flexible OLED (FO	LED)
		4 : OLED Lighting	
		0 : Standard	
12	Inspection	2 : Special grade	
	Grade	C: Automotive grade	
	\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Y : Consumer grade	
13	Option	·	PC ; H : Hot bar FPC; D : Demo Kit
14	Serial No.	Serial number(00~ZZ)	

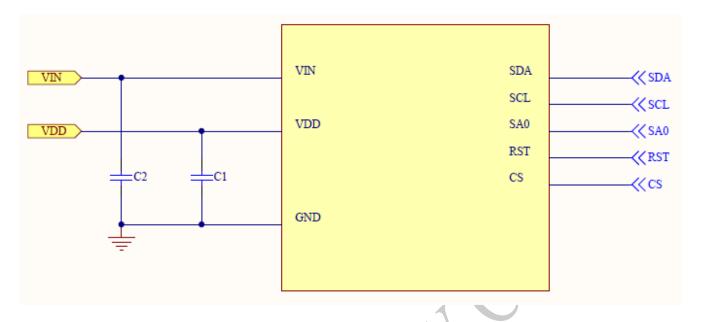
2.General Specification

Item	Dimension	Unit
Dot Matrix	128 x 64 Dots	_
Module dimension	38.00 x 28.50 x 2.37	mm
Active Area	21.74 x 10.86	mm
Pixel Size	0.148 x 0.148	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.17 x 0.17	mm
Display Mode	Passive Matrix	• • •
Display Color	Yellow	
Drive Duty	1/64 Duty	
IC	SSD1306BZ	
Interface	I2C,Optional SPI	
Size	0.96 inch	

3. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram



3.1 Application recommendations



C1, C2: 1.0uF (1)

Note

(1) The capacitor value is recommended value. Select appropriate value against module application.

*For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by Winstar.

4. Interface Pin Function

No.	Symbol	Function
1	SDA	When serial interface mode is selected, D0 will be the serial clock input: SCLK; D1 will be the serial data input: SDIN.
2	SCL	When I2C mode is selected, D2, D1 should be tied together and serve as SDAout, SDAin in application and D0 is the serial clock input, SCL.
3	SA0	In I2C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address selection. When 3-wire serial interface is selected, this pin must be connected to VSS.
4	RST	This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is pulled LOW, initialization of the chip is executed. Keep this pin HIGH (i.e. connect to VDD) during normal operation.
5	CS	This pin is the chip select input. (active LOW).
6	VDD	3.0V Power supply pin for core logic operation.
7	VIN	5.0V Power supply pin for core logic operation.
8	GND	This is a ground pin.

5.Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	1.65	3.30	V	1,2
Supply Voltage for Logic	VIN	4.0	6.0	V	1,2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	0	16.0	V	1,2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+80	°C	
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+85	°C	_

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6. "Optics & Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.

6.Electrical Characteristics

6.1 DC Electrical Characteristics

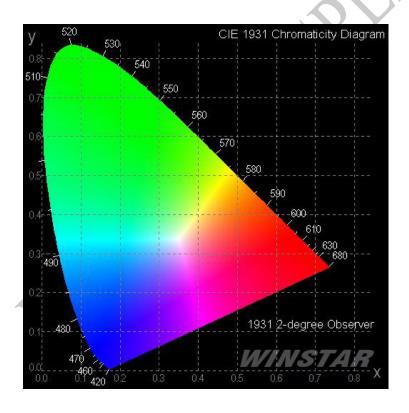
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	_	2.8	3.0	3.2	V
Supply Voltage for Logic	VIN	_	4.8	5.0	5.2	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	_	7.0	7.5	8.0	٧
Input High Volt.	VIH	_	0.8×VDD	_	VDDIO	V
Input Low Volt.	VIL	_	0	9.	0.2×VDD	V
Output High Volt.	VOH	_	0.9×VDD	<u> </u>	VDDIO	V
Output Low Volt.	VOL	_ \	0	_	0.1×VDD	V
50% Check Board operating Current	IDD	VDD=3.0V	\\ \ -	14.0	22.0	mA

6.2 Initial code

Write command(0xAE); // Display Off Write_command(0xD5); //SET DISPLAY CLOCK Write command(0x80); //105HZ Write command(0xA8); // Select Multiplex Ratio Write command(Duty); // Default => $0 \sim 0x3F$ (1/64 Duty) Write command(0xD3); //Setting Display Offset Write command(0x00): //00H Reset, set common start Write command(0x40); //Set Display Start Line Write command(0x8D); // Set Charge Pump Write command(0x14): // Endable Charge Pump Write command(0xA1); //Set Segment Re-Map Default //0xA0 (0x00) => column Address 0 mapped to 127//0xA1 (0x01) => Column Address 127 mapped to 0 Write command(0xC8); //Set COM Output Scan Direction Write command(0xDA): //Set COM Hardware Configuration Write command(0x12); //Alternative COM Pin---See IC Spec page 34 Write_command(0x81); //Set Contrast Control Write command(Contrast volue); Write_command(0xD9); //Set Pre-Charge period Write_command(0x22); Write command(0xDB); //Set Deselect Vcomh level Write_command(0x30); Write_command(0xA4); //Entire Display ON Write command(0xA6); //Set Normal Display Write_command(0xAF); // Display ON

7. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Viou Anglo	(V)θ	_	160	_	_	deg
View Angle	(Н)ф	_	160		7	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1	_	X	y –
Deepense Time	T rise	_	_	10		μs
Response Time	T fall	_		10	<u> </u>	μs
Display with 50%	6 check Board B	Brightness	60	80	_	cd/m2
CIEx(Yello	ow)	(CIE1931)	0.45	0.47	0.49	_
CIEy(Yello	ow)	(CIE1931)	0.48	0.50	0.52	_



8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	50,000 Hrs	_	Note

Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.

9.Reliability

Content of Reliability Test

Environmenta	T		Applicable
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Standard
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	85°C 240hrs	- >
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	-45
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80°C 240hrs	7.9
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 240hrs	
High Temperature/ Humidity Operation	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity Operation for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 120hrs	
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle40°C 25°C 80°C 30min 5min 30min	-40°C /80°C 30 cycles	
Mechanical Tes	st		
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	Frequency:10~55Hz amplitude:1.5mm Time:0.5hrs/axis Test axis:X,Y,Z	
Others			
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the finished product housing.	Air Discharge model ±4kv,10 times	

^{***} Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25°C

Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

Evaluation criteria

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

APPENDIX:

RESIDUE IMAGE

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.

10.Inspection specification

NO	Item	Criterion			AQL	
01	Electrical Testing	 1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 			0.65	
02	white spots on OLED (display only)	 2.1 White and black spots on display ≤ 0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm. 			2.5	
03	OLED black spots, white spots, contamin ation (non- display)	3.1 Round type : As following drawin Φ=(x+y)/2 X Y Y		SIZE Φ≤0.10 0.10<Φ≤0.20 0.20<Φ≤0.25 0.25<Φ	Acceptable QTY Accept no dense 2 1 0	2.5
		3.2 Line type : (As f	following d Length L≦3.0 L≦2.5	rawing) Width $W \le 0.02$ $0.02 < W \le 0.03$ $0.03 < W \le 0.05$ $0.05 < W$	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2 As round type	2.5
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are visible using black spot specifications, not ending the find, must check in direction.	easy to	Size Φ $\Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.50$ $0.50 < \Phi \le 1.00$ $1.00 < \Phi$ Total Q TY	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 3 2 0 3	2.5
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contamination.				

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
06	Chipped glass	Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length: 6.1 General glass chip: 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels:	2.5
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		

NO	Item	Criterion	
06	Glass	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2.5
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	
08	Backlight elements		
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	2.5 0.65

NO	Item	Criterion	
		10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination.	2.5
10	PCB, COB	10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.	2.5 0.65
		10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram.10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the	2.5
		seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals.10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production	2.5 0.65
		characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product	0.65
		characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.	2.5
		11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections,	2.5 2.5
11	Soldering	oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.	2.5 0.65
	General appearance	12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.	2.5
12		12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.	0.65 2.5
		12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin	2.5 2.5
		to sever. 12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.	2.5
		12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.	2.5
		12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.	0.65
		12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins. 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on	0.65 0.65
		packaging specification sheet. 12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.	0.65
	<u>l</u>		i

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Pixel C Light Pixel

11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2)Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.
- (3)Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4)Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5)Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (6)Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8)It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use fix information for long time in real application.
- (9)Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time, that will extend "screen burn" effect time...
- (10)Winstar has the right to change the passive components, including R2and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (11)Winstar have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Winstar have the right to modify the version.)

11.1. Handling Precautions

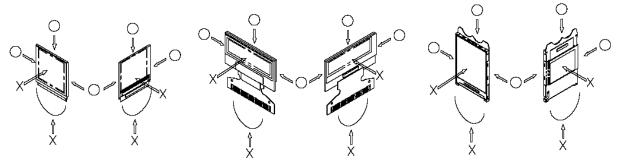
- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
 - * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent
 - Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent

such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.

Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- * Water
- * Ketone
- * Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts.

These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- (7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.
- (9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
- * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
- * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- (11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

11.2. Storage Precautions

(1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. and, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments.

(We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Winstar.

At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.

(2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

11.3. Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.

- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- (7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
- * Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.

11.4. Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

11.5. Other Precautions

- (1) When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern may remain as an after image or slight contrast deviation may occur.
- Nonetheless, if the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored. Also, there will be no problem in the reliability of the module.
- (2) To protect OLED display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
- * Pins and electrodes
- * Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC
- (3) With this OLED display module, the OLED driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
- * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
- * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
- (4) Although this OLED display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.
- (5) We recommend you to construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
- (6)Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.
- (7)Our company will has the right to upgrade and modify the product function.