WINSTAR Display

OLED SPECIFICATION

Model No:

WEO012864AMWPP3N00000

CUSTOMER:

MODULE NO.: WEO012864AMWPP3N00000

SALES BY	APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY

RELEASE DATE:

■APPROVAL FOR SPECIFICATIONS ONLY

_APPROVAL FOR SPECIFICATIONS AND SAMPLE

MODE	L NO:		
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0	2023/09/06		First release
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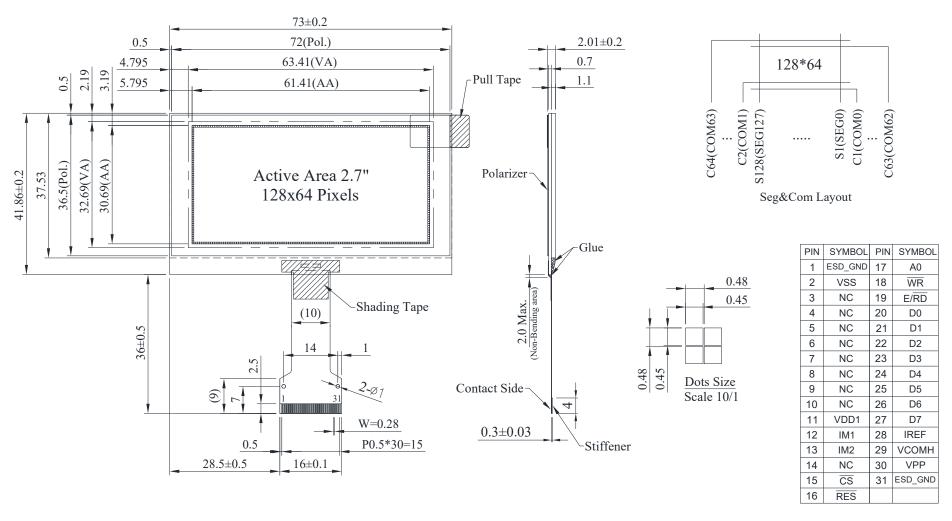
1.Module Classification Information

1	Brand : WINSTAR	DISPLAY CORPORA	TIO	N	
2	E: OLED				
		H: COB Character		G:COB Graphic	
	Diamlass	O: COG		F: COG+FR	
3	Display Type	P: COG + FR + PCE	3	X: COF	
		A: COG + PCB		N: COF + FR + PC	CB
4	Dot Matrix: 128	64			
5	Serials code				
		A: Amber	R	: Red	C : Full Color
6	Emitting Color	B: Blue	W	: White	
	Zimang Goloi	G: Green	L:	Yellow	
		S: Sky Blue	X	: Dual Color	
7	Polarizer	P:With Polarizer; N A:Anti-glare Polariz		thout Polarizer	
8	Display Mode	P:Passive Matrix ; N	V : V	Active Matrix	
9	Driver Voltage	3:3.0~3.3V; 5:	5.0	V	
10	Touch Panel	N : Without touch pa	nel;	T: With touch panel	
11	Product type	0 : Standard			
12	Inspection Grade	0 : Standard			
13	Option	0 : Default			
14	Serial No.	Serial number(00~99))		

2.General Specification

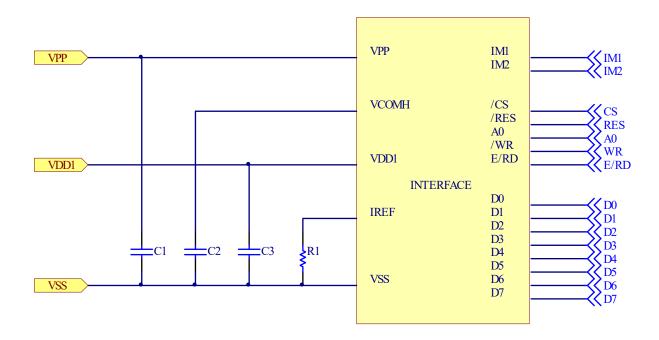
Item	Dimension	Unit
Dot Matrix	128 x 64	
Module dimension	73.0 × 41.86 × 2.01	mm
Active Area	61.41 × 30.69	mm
Pixel Size	0.45 × 0.45	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.48 × 0.48	mm
Display Mode	Passive Matrix	
Display Color	Monochrome (White)	
Drive Duty	1/64 Duty	
IC	SH1106	
Interface	I2C, 4-Wire SPI ,6800, 808	0
Size	2.7 inch	

3.Contour Drawing & Block Diagram



The non-specified tolerance of dimension is ± 0.3 mm.

3.1 Application recommendations



Recommended components:

C1, C2, C3: 4.7uF

Bus Interface selection: (Must be set the IM[2:1], refer to item 4) 8-bits 6800 or 8080 parallel, 4-wire SPI, I2C

Voltage at IREF = VPP - 3V. For VPP = 13V, IREF = 18.75uA: R1 = (Voltage at IREF - VSS) / IREF = (13 - 3) V / 18.75uA \geq 534K ohm⁽²⁾

R1 recommends 562K ohm. If new module want to be compatible with hardware using past module (IC SSD1309 with higher R1), then the initial code must be modified to meet typical brightness (adjust contrast or VCOM to higher level).

- (1). The capacitor value is recommended value. Select appropriate value against module application.
- (2). Minimum value. When OLED product application, then R1 must be greater than the calculated value.

4.Interface Pin Function

No.	Symbol	Functio	on				
1	ESD_GND	ESD Ground pin					
2	VSS	Ground.					
3-10	NC	No con	nection				
11	VDD1	Power s	supply input				
12	IM1	IM1	8080 1	lerface mode se	6800 0	4-wire SPI	
13	IM2		1 connected to VS connected to VD		1	0	
14	NC	No con	nection				
15	CS		•	lect input. Whe lata/command I		nen the chip sele	ect
16	RES		•			o "L", the setting RES signal leve	
17	A0	are data A0 = "H A0 = "L	a or a comman ": the inputs at ": the inputs at nterface, this pa	d. D0 to D7 are tr D0 to D7 are tra	eated as displa ansferred to the	nes whether the ay data. e command reg h the different a	isters.
18	WR (R/W)	When of the 808 rising ea When of input te When F	0 MPU $\overline{ m WR}$ single of the $\overline{ m WR}$ onnected to a $ m G$	8080 MPU, thi signal. The sign signal. 6800 Series MF	als on the data	V. This pad con bus are latched read/write contr	d at the

19	E/RD	This is a MPU interface input pad. When connected to an 8080 series MPU, it is active LOW. This pad is connected to the $\overline{\text{RD}}$ signal of the 8080 series MPU, and the data bus is in an output status when this signal is "L". When connected to a 6800 series MPU, this is active HIGH. This is used as an enable clock input of the 6800 series MPU. When $\overline{\text{RD}}$ = "H": Enable. When $\overline{\text{RD}}$ = "L": Disable.
20~27	D0~D7	This is an 8-bit bi-directional data bus that connects to an 8-bit or 16-bit standard MPU data bus. When the serial interface is selected, then D0 serves as the serial clock input pad (SCL) and D1 serves as the serial data input pad (SI). At this time, D2 to D7 are set to high impedance. When the I2C interface is selected, then D0 serves as the serial clock input pad (SCL) and D1 serves as the serial data input pad (SDAI). At this time, D2 to D7 are set to high impedance.
28	IREF	This is a segment current reference pad. A resistor should be connected between this pad and VSS. Set the current at 18.75uA.
29	VCOMH	This is a pad for the voltage output high level for common signals. A capacitor should be connected between this pad and VSS.
30	VPP	OLED panel power supply. Generated by internal charge pump. Connect to capacitor. It could be supplied externally.
31	ESD_GND	ESD Ground pin

5.Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD1	-0.3	3.6	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	VPP	-0.3	14.5	V	1, 2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	+80	°C	-
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	+85	°C	-

- 1. All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".
- 2. When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6 "Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.
- 3. The absolute limit temperature was verified according to the test conditions of reliability test (See section 9. Reliability), and module was met all criteria.
- 4. The defined temperature ranges do not include the polarizer. The maximum withstood temperature of the polarizer should be 80 °C.

6.Electrical Characteristics

6.1 DC Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD1	_	1.65	3.0	3.3	٧
Supply Voltage for Display	VPP	_	6.4	13.0	13.5	V
High Level Input	VIH	_	0.8×VDD1	_	VDD1	V
Low Level Input	VIL	_	VSS	_	0.2×VDD1	V
High Level Output	VOH	_	0.8×VDD1	_	VDD1	٧
Low Level Output	VOL	_	VSS	_	0.2×VDD1	٧
Display 50% Pixel on	IPP	VPP =13V	_	24	36	mA

Note: The VCC (VPP) value can be adjusted according to the demand brightness. When VCC (VPP) is lowered, the brightness decreases or when VCC (VPP) is increased, the brightness increases. The VCC (VPP) value is set within the recommended range. The life time of OLED is directly related to the set brightness, and lower brightness helps to improve the life time.

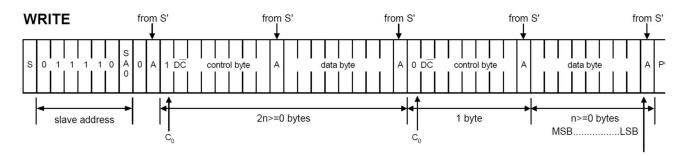
6.2 Initial code

void Initial_SH1106(){

```
//display off
        WriteCommand(0xAE);
        WriteCommand(0xB0);
                                    //set page address
        WriteCommand(0x10);
                                    //set higher column address
        WriteCommand(0x04);
                                    //set lower column address
        WriteCommand(0xD5);
                                    //set display clock divide ratio/OSC frequency
        WriteCommand(0x50);
        WriteCommand(0xA8);
                                    //Multiplex Ration
        WriteCommand(0x3F);
        WriteCommand(0xD3);
                                    //display offset, set to 0x00
        WriteCommand(0x00);
        WriteCommand(0x40);
                                    //set start line, set to 0x40
        WriteCommand(0xAD);
                                    //DC-DC Control Mode Set
        WriteCommand(0x8A);
                                    //DC-DC OFF
        WriteCommand(0xA1);
                                    //set segment re-map,SEG131~S0
        WriteCommand(0xC8);
                                    //set common output scan direction
                                    //common pad configuration
        WriteCommand(0xDA);
        WriteCommand(0x12);
                                    //set contrast
        WriteCommand(0x81);
        WriteCommand(0xBF);
                                    //set dis-charge/pre-charge period
        WriteCommand(0xD9);
        WriteCommand(0x22);
                                    //set VCOM deselect level
        WriteCommand(0xDB);
        WriteCommand(0x35);
        WriteCommand(0xA4);
                                    //set entire display off
        WriteCommand(0xA6);
                                    //set normal display
        WriteCommand(0xAF);
                                    //display on
}
```

Note 1: Initial code is for reference only. Please make the best adjustment with the OLED module. Note 2: Command: Set Contrast Control (0x81), This command sets the Contrast Setting of the display. The chip has 256 contrast steps from 00h to FFh. The segment output current increases as the contrast step value increases. The segment current increases, the OLED brightness increases.

I2C-bus data format



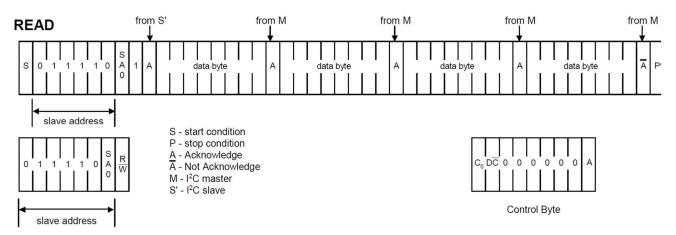


Figure 7 I²C Protocol

Note1:

1. Co = "0": The last control byte, only data bytes to follow,

Co = "1": Next two bytes are a data byte and another control byte;

2. D/C = "0": The data byte is for command operation,

D/C = "1": The data byte is for RAM operation.

3. SA0 = Slave address bit

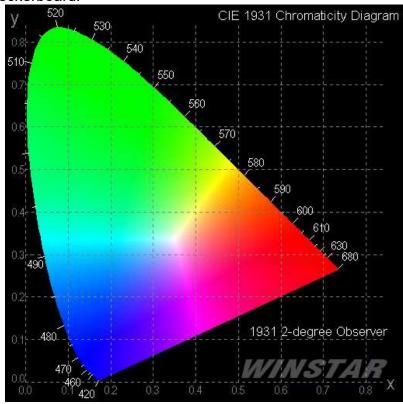
I2C address bit (SA0)

The slave address is following the start condition for recognition use. The slave address is either "b0111100" or "b0111101" by changing the SA0 to LOW or HIGH (A0 pin acts as SA0).

7.Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ	_	160	_	_	deg
View Arigie	(Η)φ	_	160	_	_	deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	10,000:1	_	_	_
Response Time	T rise	_	_	10	_	μs
Nesponse fille	T fall	_	_	10	_	μs
Display with 50%	checkerbo	ard Brightness ⁽¹⁾	60	80	_	cd/m ²
CIEx(White)		(CIE1931)	0.26	0.28	0.30	_
CIEy(White)		(CIE1931)	0.30	0.32	0.34	_

- 1. The brightness value is based on the setting of VCC(VPP) equal to the Typical value.
- 2. 50% checkerboard means half of the display area turn on & half area turn off, shown as a checkerboard.



8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% checkerboard brightness Typical Value	20,000 Hrs		Note

- 1. Lifetime is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the minimal brightness.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.
- 4. Lifetime is not guaranteed one but expected lifetime in normal condition.

9.Reliability

Content of Reliability Test

Test Condition 85°C 240hrs ge -40°C 240hrs 80°C 240hrs	Applicable Standard
240hrs ge -40°C 240hrs 80°C 240hrs -40°C	
240hrs 80°C 240hrs -40°C	
g 240hrs -40°C	
⁹ 240hrs	
60°C,90%RH 240hrs	
60°C,90%RH 120hrs	
-40°C /80°C 30 cycles	
Frequency:10~55Hz amplitude:1.5mm Time:0.5hrs/axis Test axis:X,Y,Z	
Air Discharge model ±4kv,10 times	
	-40°C /80°C 30 cycles Frequency:10~55Hz amplitude:1.5mm Time:0.5hrs/axis Test axis:X,Y,Z Air Discharge model

^{***} Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25°C

Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the functional test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels on/off exchange is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle.
- 4. No Condensation.

Evaluation criteria

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

APPENDIX:

RESIDUE IMAGE

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.

10.Inspection specification

Inspection Standard:

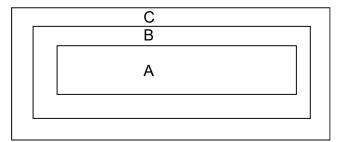
MIL-STD-105E table normal inspection single sample level II.

Definition

1 Major defect: The defect that greatly affect the usability of product.

2 Minor defect: The other defects, such as cosmetic defects, etc.

Definition of inspection zone:



Zone A: Active Area

Zone B: Viewing Area except Zone A

Zone C: Outside Viewing Area

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble of quality and assembly to customer's product.

Inspection Methods

1 The general inspection: Under fluorescent light illumination: 750~1500 Lux, about 30cm viewing distance, within 45° viewing angle, under 25±5°C.

2 The luminance and color coordinate inspection: By SR-3 or BM-7 or the equal equipments, in the dark room, under 25±5°C.

NO	Item	Criterion	
01	Electrical Testing	 1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 OLED viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect. 	0.65
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	2.1 White and black spots on display 0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present.2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm.	2.5

NO	Item	Criterion			AQL	
	OLED black spots, white spots, contaminatio n (non- display)	3.1 Round type : As following drawing Φ=(x + y)/2	SIZE	Acceptable QTY ignore 2 1	Zone A+ B A+ B A+ B A+ B	2.5
03		3.2 Line type : (As ———————————————————————————————————	h Width W≦0.02 0 0.02 < W≤0.0	Acceptable Q TY ignore	Zone A+B A+B A+B	2.5
04	Polarizer bubbles /Dent	4.1 If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction. 4.2 The polarizer of	Size Φ $\Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.50$ $0.50 < \Phi \le 1.00$ $1.00 < \Phi$ Total Q TY	Acceptable Q TY ignore 3 2 0 3	Zone A+B A+B A+B A+B	2.5
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contamination.				

NO	Item	Criterion		
06	Chipped glass	Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length: 6.1 General glass chip: 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels:	2.5	
		6.1.2 Corner crack: z: Chip thickness y: Chip width x: Chip length $Z \le 1/2t$ Not over viewing area $x \le 1/8a$ $1/2t < z \le 2t$ Not exceed $1/3k$ $x \le 1/8a$ \odot If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each chip.		
06	Glass crack	Symbols : x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length 6.2 Protrusion over terminal : 6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad :		

NO	Item	Criterion		
06	Glass crack	6.2.2 Non-conductive portion: Variable Variable	2.5	
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5	
08	Backlight elements	8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards.	0.65 2.5 0.65	
09	Bezel	 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong. 9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination. 9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications. 		
10	PCB, COB	 10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination. 10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places. 10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals. 10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down. 		

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
11	Soldering	 11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB. 	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65
12	General appearance	 12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product. 12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever. 12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color. 12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened. 12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. 12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins. 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet. 12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet. 	2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 0.65

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Dark Pixel	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Fixel Light Fixel

11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, change the components or modify its shape of OLED display module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (5) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (6) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (7) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (8) Hot-Bar FPC soldering condition: 280~350C, less than 5 seconds.
- (9) Winstar has the right to change the passive components (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.) and change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Winstar have the right to modify the version.)
- (10) Winstar has the right to upgrade or modify the product function.
- (11) For COG & COF structure OLED products, customers should reserve VCC (VPP) adjustment function or software update function when designing OLED supporting circuit. (The progress of OLED light-emitting materials will increase the conversion efficiency and the brightness. The brightness can be adjusted if necessary).

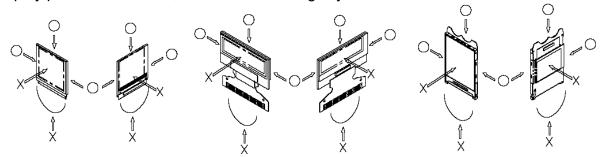
11.1. Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such as dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged. So, be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage by using following adhesion tape.
 - * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent
 - Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.

Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- * Water
- * Ketone
- * Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (7) Do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
 - * Pins and electrodes
 - * Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC

(8) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- (9) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
 - * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
 - * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
 - * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
 - * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.

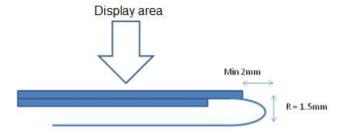
11.2. Storage Precautions

- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags to avoid be directly exposed to sun or lights of fluorescent lamps. And, also, place in the temperature 25±5°C and Humidity below 65% RH.(We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Winstar. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags.)
- (2) When the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high temperature or high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded if electric current is applied. Please store it in clean environment.

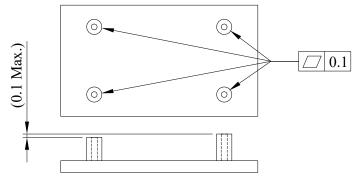
11.3. Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, OLED display module may be damaged.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specification and to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD / VCC). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the nearby devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) If the power supplied to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
 - * Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.
- (7) If this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur and semiconductor elements may change their characteristics.

- (8) The internal status may be changed, if excessive external noise enters into the module. Therefore, it is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect module from influences of noise on the system design.
- (9) We recommend you to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
- (10) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use the same image for long time in real application. When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern, an afterimage or slight contrast deviation may occur.
- (11) The limitation of FPC and Film bending.



(12) The module should be fixed balanced into the housing, or the module may be twisted.



(13) Please heat up a little the tape sticking on the components when removing it; otherwise the components might be damaged.

11.4. Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

(1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.