WINSTAR Display

OLED SPECIFICATION

Model No:

WEX025664BGPP3N00000

New Product only for reference

Version: E

CUSTOMER:

MODULE NO.: WEX025664BGPP3N00000

APPROVED BY:

(FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY)

7	

MODEL NO:

REC	ORDS OF REV		DOC. FIRST ISSUE
VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	SUMMARY
0	2015/07/21		First release
Α	2015/09/21		Modify life time.
В	2016/03/23		Modify Static electricity test
С	2016/05/04		Modify Interface Pin Function.
D	2016/11/10		Added IC P/N.
E	2016/11/22		Add FPC bending rule

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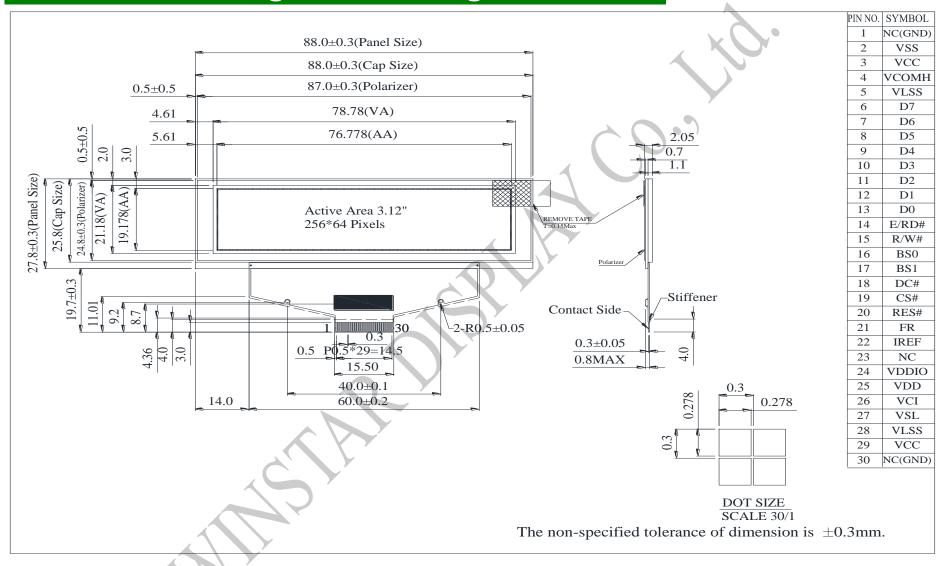
1.Module Classification Information

1	Brand: WINSTA	R DISPLAY CORPORAT	ION	
2	E:OLED			
3	Display Type: H	l→Character, G→Graphic	; , X→TAB ,O→COG , F→C	OG (with
4	Dot Matrix: 25	6 * 64		V ().
5	Serials code		4	
		A: Amber	R: Red	C: Full Color
6	Emitting Color	B: Blue	W: White	
0		G: Green	L: Yellow)
		S: Sky Blue	X : Dual Color	
7	Polarizer	P: With Polarizer; N: W	ithout Polarizer	
	1 Glarizer	A : Anti-glare Polarizer		
8	Display Mode	P: Passive Matrix; N:	Active Matrix	
9	Driver Voltage	3:3.0~3.3V ; 5:5.0	V	
10	Touch Panel	N: Without touch panel:	T: With touch panel	
		0 : Standard	y	
		1 : Sunlight Readable	Y	
11	Product type	2: Transparent OLED (,	
		3 : Flexible OLED (FOL	ED)	
		4 : OLED Lighting		
		0 : Standard		
12	Inspection	2 : Special grade		
	Grade	C : Automotive grade		
4.0		Y : Consumer grade		
13	Interface		: Hot bar ; D : Demo Kit	
14	Serial No.	Serial number(00~ZZ)		
		l .		

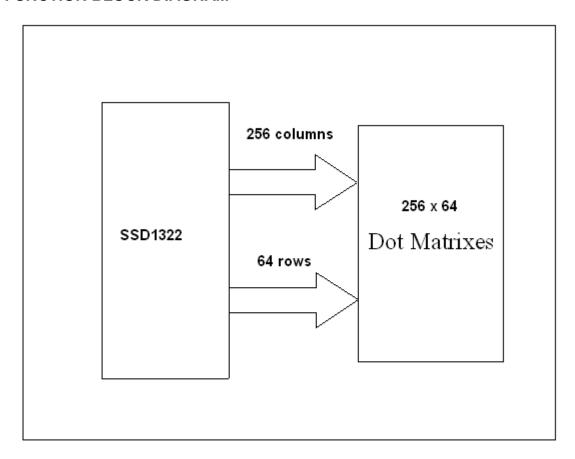
2.General Specification

Item	Dimension	Unit
Dot Matrix	256 x 64 Dots	_
Module dimension	88.0 × 27.8 × 2.05	mm
Active Area	76.778×19.178	mm
Pixel Size	0.278×0.278	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.3×0.3	mm
Display Mode	Passive Matrix	0.
Display Color	Green	
Drive Duty	1/64 Duty	
IC	SSD1322UR1 (COF)	

3. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram



FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



*For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by Winstar

4. Interface Pin Function

Pin			
Number	Symbol	I/O	Function
Power Supp	oly	•	
26	VCI	Р	Power Supply for Operation This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source & always be equal to or higher than VDD & VDDIO.
25	VDD	Р	Power Supply for Core Logic Circuit This is a voltage supply pin. It can be supplied externally (within the range of 2.4~2.6V) or regulated internally from VCI. A capacitor should be connected between this pin & VSS under all circumstances.
24	VDDIO	Р	Power Supply for I/O Pin This pin is a power supply pin of I/O buffer. It should be connected to VDD or external source. All I/O signal should have VIH reference to VDDIO. When I/O signal pins (BS0~BS1, D0~D7, control signals) pull high, they should be connected to VDDIO.
2	VSS	Р	Ground of Logic Circuit This is a ground pin. It also acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be connected to external ground.
3,29	vcc	Р	Power Supply for OLED Panel These are the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. They must be connected to external source.
5,28	VLSS	Р	Ground of Analog Circuit These are the analog ground pins. They should be connected to VSS externally.
Driver			
22	REF)	Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than 10uA.
4	VCОМН	Р	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A tantalum capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
27	VSL	Р	Voltage Output Low Level for SEG Signal This is segment voltage reference pin. When external VSL is not used, this pin should be left open. When external VSL is used, this pin should connect with resistor and diode to ground.

To a Green Day	1-					
Testing Page	ds 		Title of the No Occasion of the Man	*	11	
21	FR	0	This pin is No Connection pins. Noth to this pin. This pin should be left op	-		
16	BS0		Communicating Protocol Select		•	
			These pins are MCU interface select following table:			
				BS0	BS1	
17	BS1	'	3-wire SPI	1	0	
			4-wire SPI	0	0	
			8-bit 68XX Parallel	1	1	
			8-bit 80XX Parallel	0	1	
			Power Reset for Controller and D	river	1,70	
20	RES#	ı	This pin is reset signal input. When		ow, initialization	
			of the chip is executed.	_		
19	CS#		Chip Select This pin is the chip select input. The	ohin io on	ablad for MCII	
19	CS#	'	communication only when CS# is pu		abled for MCO	
			Data/Command Control	illed low.		
			This pin is Data/Command control p	in When t	he nin is nulled	
			high, the input at D7~D0 is treated a			
18	D/C#	ı	When the pin is pulled low, the input			
'0	D/On		transferred to the command register. For detail relationship			
			MCU interface signals, please refer		Totalionomp to	
			Timing Characteristics Diagrams.	10 1110		
			Read/Write Enable or Read			
			This pin is MCU interface input. Whe	en interfaci	ing to a 68XX-	
			series microprocessor, this pin will b			
			signal. Read/write operation is initiat	ed when t	his pin is pulled	
14	E/RD#	1	high and the CS# is pulled low.			
'*	L/IND#		When connecting to an 80XX-microp			
			receives the Read (RD#) signal. Dat	-		
			initiated when this pin is pulled low a		•	
			When serial mode is selected, this p	in must be	e connected to	
		7	VSS.			
			Read/Write Select or Write			
			This pin is MCU interface input. Whe		•	
. 1			series microprocessor, this pin will b			
			(R/W#) selection input. Pull this pin	io migri to	or read mode	
15	R/W#	I	and pull it to "Low" for write mode. When 80XX interface mode is select	tod this si	n will bo the	
			Write (WR#) input. Data write opera			
			pin is pulled low and the CS# is pulled		ated WHEH HIIS	
			When serial mode is selected, this p		connected to	
			VSS.			
			Host Data Input/Output Bus			
			These pins are 8-bit bi-directional da	ata bus to l	be connected to	
6~13	D7~D0	I/O	the microprocessor's data bus. Whe			
			D1 will be the serial data input SDIN		· ·	
			clock input SCLK.			

			Unused pins must be connected to VSS except for D2 in serial mode.
Reserve			
23	N.C.	-	Reserved Pin The N.C. pin between function pins are reserved for compatible and flexible design.
1,30	N.C. (GND)	-	Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin) The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground.

5.Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Operation	VCI	-0.3	4	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	-0.5	2.75	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for I/O Pins	VDDIO	-0.5	VCI	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	-0.5	20	V	1, 2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	80	°C	-
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	80	°C	-

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6 "Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate

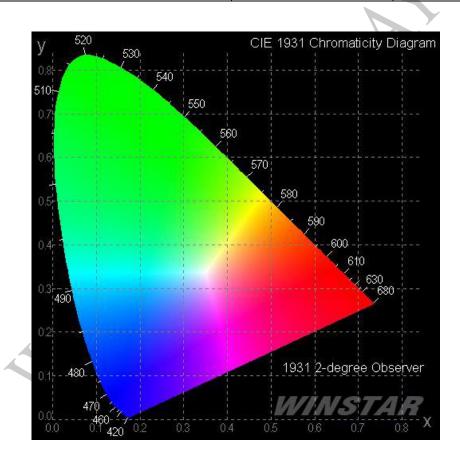
5.Electrical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Operation	VCI	Note	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	_	14	14.5	15	V
High Level Input	VIH	_	0.8×VDDIO	_	V _{DDIO}	V
Low Level Input	VIL	_	0	- /	0.2×VDDIO	V
High Level Output	VOH	_	0.9×VDDIO	_	VDDIO	V
Low Level Output	VOL	_	0	Ō.	0.1×VDDIO	V
50% Check Board operating	Current	VCC =14.5V	23	25	32	mA

Note: Supply Voltage for Logic = VDD core power supply can be regulated from VCI.

7.Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
\(\text{C} = \cdot \text{\tin}\text{\texi{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texititt{\text{\texitile}}\text{\text{\text{\texitt{\text{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi\tiexi{\texit{\terit{\texi}\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi{\texi	(V)θ		160			deg
View Angle	(Η)φ		160			deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1		7	_
Response Time	T rise	_		10		μs
response fille	T fall	_		10	Y	μs
Display with 50% check	Board Bri	ghtness	100	120		cd/m2
CIEx(Green)		(CIE1931)	0.24	0.28	0.32	
CIEy(Green)		(CIE1931)	0.59	0.63	0.67	



8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25°C / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	40,000 Hrs	_	Note

Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.

9.Reliability

Content of Reliability Test

Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Applicable
		Tool Containion	Standard
High	Endurance test applying the high	80°C	A.
Temperature	storage temperature for a long time.	240hrs	
storage			
Low	Endurance test applying the low storage	-40°C	
Temperature	temperature for a long time.	240hrs	
storage	, ,		
High	Endurance test applying the electric		
Temperature	stress (Voltage & Current) and the	80°C	
Operation	thermal stress to the element for a long	240hrs	
Operation	time.		
Low	Endurance test applying the electric	-40°C	
Temperature	stress under low temperature for a long	240hrs	
Operation	time.	2401113	
High	Endurance test applying the high		
Temperature/	temperature and high humidity storage	60°C,90%RH	
Humidity	for a long time.	240hrs	
Storage			
	Endurance test applying the low and	\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	
	high temperature cycle.		
Temperature	-40°C 25°C 80°C	-40°C/80°C	
Cycle		100 cycles	
-	30min <u>5min</u> 30min		
Mechanical Te	st		
		40 0011= 4 Emargo n	
libration toot	Endurance test applying the vibration	10~22Hz→1.5mmp-p 22~500Hz→1.5G	
Vibration test	during transportation and using.	Total 0.5hr	
	Constructional and mechanical	50G Half sin	
Shock test	endurance test applying the shock	wave 11 ms	
	during transportation.	3 times of each	
	<i></i>	direction	
Atmospheric	Endurance test applying the	115mbar	
oressure test	atmospheric pressure during	40hrs	
	transportation by air.		
Others	Y		
		VS=±600V(contact)),
		±800v(air),	
Static	Endurance test applying the electric	RS=330 Ω	
electricity test	stress to the terminal.		
		CS=150pF	
	1	10 times	

Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels-on is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

Evaluation criteria

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within ± 50% of initial value.

APPENDIX:

RESIDUE IMAGE

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.

10.Inspection specification

NO	Item	Criterion			AQL	
01	Electrical Testing	1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect. 1.2 Missing character, dot or icon. 1.3 Display malfunction. 1.4 No function or no display. 1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications. 1.6 OLED viewing angle defect. 1.7 Mixed product types. 1.8 Contrast defect.		0.65		
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	 2.1 White and black spots on display ≤ 0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present. 2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm. 		2.5		
03	OLED black spots, white spots, contamina tion (non- display)	3.1 Round type : following drawing Φ=(x+y)/2		SIZE $\Phi \le 0.10$ $0.10 < \Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.25$ $0.25 < \Phi$	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2	2.5
		3.2 Line type : (A	s followin	g drawing)		
		→ L W	Length L≦3.0 L≦2.5 	$\begin{tabular}{lll} Width & & & & & \\ W \le 0.02 & & & & \\ 0.02 < W \le 0.03 & & & \\ 0.03 < W \le 0.05 & & \\ 0.05 < W & & \\ \end{tabular}$	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 2 As round type	2.5
04	Polarizer bubbles	If bubbles are vis judge using black specifications, no to find, must che specify direction.	k spot ot easy ck in	Size Φ $\Phi \le 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \le 0.50$ $0.50 < \Phi \le 1.00$ $1.00 < \Phi$ Total Q TY	Acceptable Q TY Accept no dense 3 2 0 3	2.5

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL	
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLED black spots, white spots, contamination		
		Symbols Define: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length:		
	Chipped glass	6.1 General glass chip : 6.1.1 Chip on panel surface and crack between panels:		
		z: Chip thickness y: Chip width x: Chip length	7	
00		Z≦1/2t Not over viewing x≤1/8a area		
06		$1/2t < z \le 2t$ Not exceed $1/3k$ $x \le 1/8a$	2.5	
		⊙ If there are 2 or more chips, x is total length of each chip.	<u> </u>	
		6.1.2 Corner crack:		
		X		
		7' Chip thickness v: Chip width v: Chip longth	٦	
		z: Chip thickness y: Chip width x: Chip length $Z \le 1/2t$ Not over viewing $x \le 1/8a$		
		area X I Not		
		1/2t < z \leq 2t Not exceed 1/3k x \leq 1/8a]	
	⊙If there are 2 or more chips, x is the total length of each			

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
	Symbols: x: Chip length y: Chip width z: Chip thickness k: Seal width t: Glass thickness a: OLED side length L: Electrode pad length 6.2 Protrusion over terminal: 6.2.1 Chip on electrode pad:		
			>.
		y: Chip widthx: Chip lengthz: Chip thickness $y \le 0.5$ mm $x \le 1/8$ a $0 < z \le t$	
		6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:	
06 Glass crack		y Z X X X	2.5
		y: Chip width x: Chip length z: Chip thickness	
		$y \le L$ $x \le 1/8a$ $0 < z \le t$	
		⊙ If the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO	
		must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal specifications.	
		⊙ If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment	
	mark not be damaged. 6.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack.		
		y: width x: length	
$y \le 1/3L$ $x \le a$			
у			

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5
08	Backlight elements	 8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit. 8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards. 8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong. 	0.65 2.5 0.65
09	Bezel	9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.	2.5 0.65
10	PCB、COB	 10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination. 10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC. 10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram. 10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places. 10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals. 10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts. 10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart. 10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down. 	2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 0.65 2.5
11	Soldering	 11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB. 11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle. 11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB. 11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB. 	2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65

12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product. 12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever. 12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color. 12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened. 12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. 12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins. 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet. 12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to	NO	Item	Criterion	AQL
product specification sheet.		General	 12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP. 12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product. 12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits. 12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever. 12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color. 12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened. 12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet. 12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins. 12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet. 	2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 0.65

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	
		A Normal B Dark Pixel C HE Light Pixel

11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules

Modules

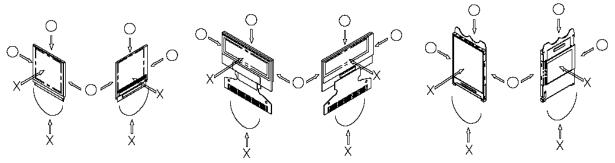
- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2)Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the components of OLED display module.
- (3)Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4)Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (5)Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (6) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (7) Storage: please storage in anti-static electricity container and clean environment.
- (8)It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use fix information for long time in real application.
- (9)Don't use fixed information in OLED panel for long time, that will extend "screen burn" effect time...
- (10) Winstar has the right to change the passive components, including R2 and R3 adjust resistors. (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.)
- (11)Winstar have the right to change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Winstar have the right to modify the version.)

11.1. Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such us dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged and be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched. Please be careful when handling the OLED display module.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage of by using following adhesion tape.
 - * Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent
 - Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.

Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- * Water
- * Ketone
- * Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts.
 - These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- (7) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (8) Do not disassemble nor modify the OLED display module.
- (9) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.
- * Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.
- * Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.
- * To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.
- * Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.
- (11) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (12) If electric current is applied when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful to avoid the above.

11.2. Storage Precautions

(1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags avoiding exposure to direct sun light nor to lights of fluorescent lamps. and, also, avoiding high temperature and high humidity environment or low temperature (less than 0°C) environments.

(We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Winstar.

At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags nor let dewing occur with them.

(2) If electric current is applied when water drops are adhering to the surface of the OLED display module, when the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded and be careful about the above.

11.3. Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, panel damage may be happen.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specifications and, at the same time, to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the neighboring devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.

- (6) When fastening the OLED display module, fasten the external plastic housing section.
- (7) If power supply to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
- * Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.

11.4. Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.

11.5. Other Precautions

- (1) When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern may remain as an after image or slight contrast deviation may occur.
- Nonetheless, if the operation is interrupted and left unused for a while, normal state can be restored. Also, there will be no problem in the reliability of the module.
- (2) To protect OLED display modules from performance drops by static electricity rapture, etc., do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
- * Pins and electrodes
- * Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC
- (3) With this OLED display module, the OLED driver is being exposed. Generally speaking, semiconductor elements change their characteristics when light is radiated according to the principle of the solar battery. Consequently, if this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur.
- * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light in actual usage.
- * Design the product and installation method so that the OLED driver may be shielded from light during the inspection processes.
- (4) Although this OLED display module stores the operation state data by the commands and the indication data, when excessive external noise, etc. enters into the module, the internal status may be changed. It therefore is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect from influences of noise on the system design.
- (5) We recommend you to construct its software to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
- (6)Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.
- (7)Our company will has the right to upgrade and modify the product function.
- (8) The limitation of FPC bending

