# WINSTAR Display

# **OLED SPECIFICATION**

Model No:

WEX025664DGPP3N00000

New Product only for reference

## SPECIFICATION Version: H



## **APPROVED BY:**

(FOR CUSTOMER USE ONLY)

SALES BY	APPROVED BY	CHECKED BY	PREPARED BY
RELEASE DATE:			

# MODEL NO:

REC	RECORDS OF REVISION		DOC. FIRST ISSUE
VERSION	DATE	REVISED PAGE NO.	SUMMARY
0	2015/04/09		First release
A	2016/03/23		Modify Static electricity test
В	2016/05/04		Modify Interface Pin Function.
С	2016/11/22		Add FPC bending rule
D	2019/08/30	5	Modify Precautions in use of OLED Modules
E	2019/12/18		Modify Reliability Test and measurement conditions & Inspection specification:" Accept no dense" modify to "ignore"& Precautions
F	2020/08/27	P	Modify Inspection specification
G	2020/11/18		Modify Storage Precautions
Н	2021/02/25		Modify Precautions in use of OLED Modules

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- 1.Module Classification Information
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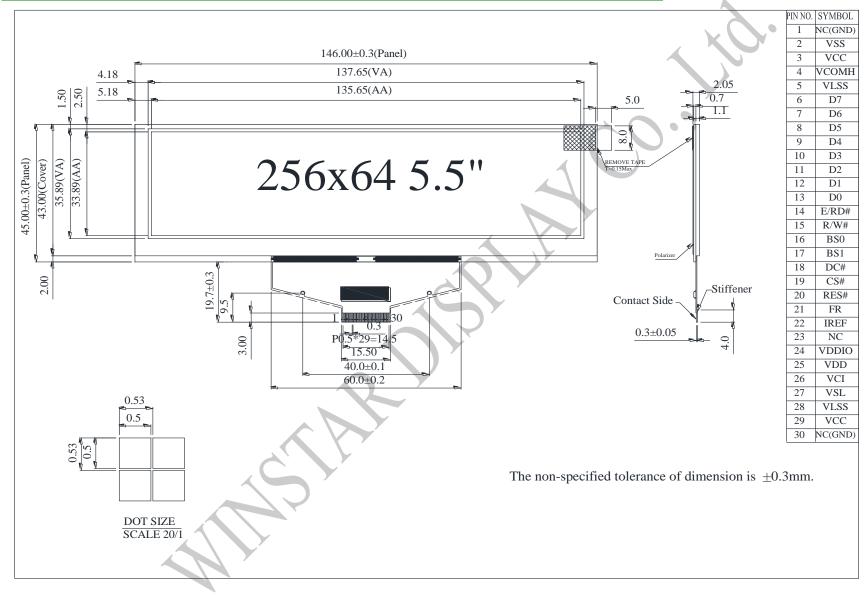
# **1.Module Classification Information** $\underline{W}$ $\underline{E}$ $\underline{X}$ $\underline{025664}$ $\underline{D}$ $\underline{G}$ $\underline{P}$ $\underline{3}$ $\underline{N}$ $\underline{0}$ $\underline{0$

1	Brand : WINSTA	R DISPLAY CORPORAT	ION		
2	E : OLED				
3	Display Type:H	l→Character, G→Graphic	, X $\rightarrow$ TAB ,O $\rightarrow$ COG , F $\rightarrow$ C	OG (with	
4	Dot Matrix : 250	6 * 64			
5	Serials code				
		A : Amber	R : Red	C : Full Color	
6	Emitting Color	B : Blue	W:White	Y	
0		G : Green	L : Yellow		
		S : Sky Blue	X : Dual Color		
7	Polarizer	P: With Polarizer; N: W	ithout Polarizer		
-		A : Anti-glare Polarizer			
8	Display Mode	P: Passive Matrix; N:	Active Matrix		
9	Driver Voltage	3:3.0~3.3V ; 5:5.0	V		
10	Touch Panel	N: Without touch panel;	T: With touch panel		
		0 : Standard 1 : Sunlight Readable	Y		
11	Product type	2 : Transparent OLED (			
		3 : Flexible OLED (FOLI			
		4 : OLED Lighting	,		
		0 : Standard			
12	Inspection	2 : Special grade			
12	Grade	C : Automotive grade			
		Y : Consumer grade			
13	Interface		:Hot bar; D:Demo Kit		
14	Serial No.	Serial number(00~99)			

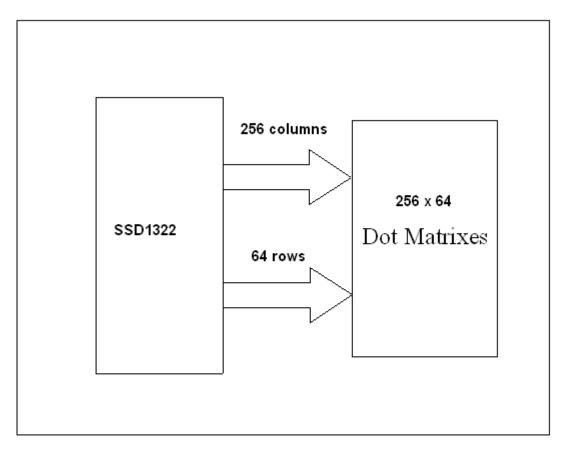
# **2.General Specification**

Item	Dimension	Unit
Dot Matrix	256 x 64 Dots	_
Module dimension	146.0 × 45.0 × 2.05	mm
Active Area	135.65 × 33.89	mm
Pixel Size	0.5×0.5	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.53×0.53	mm
Display Mode	Passive Matrix	0
Display Color	Green	
Drive Duty	1/64 Duty	
IC	SSD1322	

## **3. Contour Drawing & Block Diagram**



#### FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



\*For more information, please refer to Application Note provided by Winstar



# **4. Interface Pin Function**

Pin Number	Symbol	I/O	Function
Power Sup	ply		
26	VCI	Р	<b>Power Supply for Operation</b> This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source & always be equal to or higher than VDD & VDDIO.
25	VDD	Ρ	<b>Power Supply for Core Logic Circuit</b> This is a voltage supply pin. It can be supplied externally (within the range of 2.4~2.6V) or regulated internally from VCI. A capacitor should be connected between this pin & VSS under all circumstances.
24	VDDIO	Ρ	<b>Power Supply for I/O Pin</b> This pin is a power supply pin of I/O buffer. It should be connected to VDD or external source. All I/O signal should have VIH reference to VDDIO. When I/O signal pins (BS0~BS1, D0~D7, control signals) pull high, they should be connected to VDDIO.
2	VSS	Ρ	Ground of Logic Circuit This is a ground pin. It also acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be connected to external ground.
3,29	VCC	Ρ	<b>Power Supply for OLED Panel</b> These are the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. They must be connected to external source.
5,28	VLSS	P	Ground of Analog Circuit These are the analog ground pins. They should be connected to VSS externally.
Driver			
22	IREF		<i>Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment</i> This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and VSS. Set the current lower than 10uA.
4	VCOMH	Ρ	Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A tantalum capacitor should be connected between this pin and VSS.
27	VSL	Ρ	Voltage Output Low Level for SEG Signal This is segment voltage reference pin. When external VSL is not used, this pin should be left open. When external VSL is used, this pin should connect with resistor and diode to ground.

Testing Pac	ds				
21	FR	0	This pin is No Connection pins. Not		
			to this pin. This pin should be left op	en individ	ually.
16	BS0	I	Communicating Protocol Select		0 1
17	BS1		These pins are MCU interface selec	tion input.	See the
			following table:		
				BS0	BS1
			3-wire SPI	1	0
			4-wire SPI	0	0
			8-bit 68XX Parallel	1	1
			8-bit 80XX Parallel	0	1
20	RES#		Power Reset for Controller and D	river	
_	_		This pin is reset signal input. When		low, initialization
			of the chip is executed.		
19	CS#	1	Chip Select		<b>S</b>
			This pin is the chip select input. The	e chip is er	nabled for MCU
			communication only when CS# is p	ulled low.	
18	D/C#	I	Data/Command Control		
			This pin is Data/Command control p		
			high, the input at D7~D0 is treated a		
			When the pin is pulled low, the inpu		
			transferred to the command register		il relationship to
			MCU interface signals, please refer	to the	
14		1	Timing Characteristics Diagrams.		
14	E/RD#	I	<b>Read/Write Enable or Read</b> This pin is MCU interface input. Wh	on intorfa	ning to a 69VV
			series microprocessor, this pin will b		5
			signal. Read/write operation is initia		
			high and the CS# is pulled low.		
			When connecting to an 80XX-micro	processor	, this pin
			receives the Read (RD#) signal. Da		
			initiated when this pin is pulled low a		
			When serial mode is selected, this p	oin must b	e connected to
			VSS.		
15	R/W#	I	Read/Write Select or Write		
			This pin is MCU interface input. Wh		0
			series microprocessor, this pin will b		
			(R/W#) selection input. Pull this pin and pull it to "Low" for write mode.	IO FIGN I	
			When 80XX interface mode is select	ted this n	in will he the
			Write (WR#) input. Data write opera		
			pin is pulled low and the CS# is pull		
			When serial mode is selected, this p		e connected to
			VSS.	-	
6~13	D7~D0	I/O	Host Data Input/Output Bus		
			These pins are 8-bit bi-directional d		
			the microprocessor's data bus. Whe		
			D1 will be the serial data input SDIN	l and D0 v	vill be the serial
			clock input SCLK.		

			Unused pins must be connected to VSS except for D2 in serial mode.
Reserve			
23	N.C.	-	Reserved Pin
			The N.C. pin between function pins are reserved for
			compatible and flexible design.
1,30	N.C.	-	Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin)
	(GND)		The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses
			on the function pins. These pins must be connected to
			external ground.

## **5.Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage for Operation	VCI	-0.3	4	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Logic	VDD	-0.5	2.75	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for I/O Pins	VDDIO	-0.5	VCI	V	1, 2
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	-0.5	20	V	1, 2
Operating Temperature	TOP	-40	80	°C	-
Storage Temperature	TSTG	-40	80	°C	-

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "VSS = 0V".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to Section 6 "Electrical Characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate

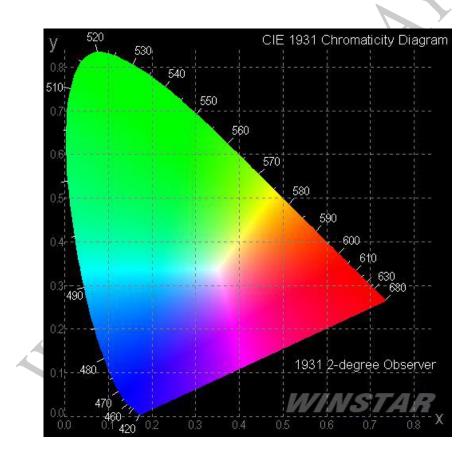
## **6.Electrical Characteristics**

ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage for Operation	VCI	Note	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply Voltage for Display	VCC	—	14	14.5	16	V
High Level Input	VIH	_	0.8×Vddio	—	Vddio	V
Low Level Input	VIL	_	0	- /	0.2×VDDIO	V
High Level Output	VOH	_	0.9×Vddio	—	Vddio	V
Low Level Output	VOL	_	0	. Ō.		V
50% Check Board operating	Current	VCC =14.5V	34	36	45	mA

Note: Supply Voltage for Logic = VDD core power supply can be regulated from VCI.

## **7.Optical Characteristics**

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
View Angle	θ(V)		160			deg
view Angle	(H)φ		160			deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark	2000:1		T	_
Response Time	T rise	_		10	1	μs
	T fall	—		10		μs
Display with 50% check	Board Bri	ghtness	60	80		cd/m2
CIEx(Green)		(CIE1931)	0.24	0.28	0.32	
CIEy(Green)		(CIE1931)	0.59	0.63	0.67	



## 8.OLED Lifetime

ITEM	Conditions	Min	Тур	Remark
Operating Life Time	Ta=25℃ / Initial 50% check board brightness Typical Value	40,000 Hrs	_	Note

Notes:

- 1. Life time is defined the amount of time when the luminance has decayed to <50% of the initial value.
- 2. This analysis method uses life data obtained under accelerated conditions to extrapolate an estimated probability density function (*pdf*) for the product under normal use conditions.
- 3. Screen saving mode will extend OLED lifetime.

# 9.Reliability

#### **Content of Reliability Test**

Environmenta	I Test		Applicable		
Test Item	Content of Test	Test Condition	Standard		
High Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the high storage temperature for a long time.	80°C 240hrs	- >		
Low Temperature storage	Endurance test applying the low storage temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs	$-\langle \rangle$		
High Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress (Voltage & Current) and the thermal stress to the element for a long time.	80°C 240hrs			
Low Temperature Operation	Endurance test applying the electric stress under low temperature for a long time.	-40°C 240hrs			
High Temperature/ Humidity Storage	Endurance test applying the high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time.	60°C,90%RH 240hrs			
Temperature Cycle	Endurance test applying the low and high temperature cycle. -40°C 25°C 80°C 30min <u>5min 30min</u>	-40°C/80°C 100 cycles			
Mechanical Te	st		•		
Vibration test	Endurance test applying the vibration during transportation and using.	10~22Hz→1.5mmp-p 22~500Hz→1.5G Total 0.5hr			
Shock test	Constructional and mechanical endurance test applying the shock during transportation.	50G Half sin wave 11 ms 3 times of each direction			
Atmospheric pressure test	Endurance test applying the atmospheric pressure during transportation by air.	115mbar 40hrs			
Others	Y				
Static electricity test	Endurance test applying the electric stress to the terminal.	VS=±600V(contact) ±800v(air), RS=330Ω CS=150pF 10 times	),		

\*\*\* Supply voltage for OLED system =Operating voltage at 25  $^\circ\!\mathrm{C}$ 

#### Test and measurement conditions

- 1. All measurements shall not be started until the specimens attain to temperature stability. After the completion of the described reliability test, the samples were left at room temperature for 2 hrs prior to conducting the failure test at 23±5°C; 55±15% RH.
- 2. All-pixels on/off exchange is used as operation test pattern.
- 3. The degradation of Polarizer are ignored for High Temperature storage, High Temperature/ Humidity Storage, Temperature Cycle

#### **Evaluation criteria**

- 1. The function test is OK.
- 2. No observable defects.
- 3. Luminance: > 50% of initial value.
- 4. Current consumption: within  $\pm$  50% of initial value.

#### **APPENDIX:**

#### **RESIDUE IMAGE**

Because the pixels are lighted in different time, the luminance of active pixels may reduce or differ from inactive pixels. Therefore, the residue image will occur. To avoid the residue image, every pixel needs to be lighted up uniformly.

## **10.Inspection specification**

#### **Inspection Standard:**

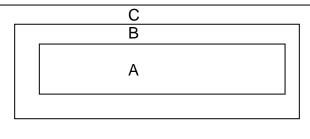
MIL-STD-105E table normal inspection single sample level II.

#### Definition

1 Major defect : The defect that greatly affect the usability of product.

2 Minor defect : The other defects, such as cosmetic defects, etc.

Definition of inspection zone:



Zone A: Active Area

Zone B: Viewing Area except Zone A

Zone C: Outside Viewing Area

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble of quality and assembly to customer`s product.

#### **Inspection Methods**

- 1 The general inspection : Under fluorescent light illumination: 750~1500 Lux, about 30cm viewing distance, within 45° viewing angle, under 25±5°C.
- 2 The luminance and color coordinate inspection : By SR-3 or BM-7 or the equal equipments, in the dark room, under 25±5°C.

NO	ltem	Criterion	AQL
01	Electrical Testing	<ol> <li>1.1 Missing vertical, horizontal segment, segment contrast defect.</li> <li>1.2 Missing character, dot or icon.</li> <li>1.3 Display malfunction.</li> <li>1.4 No function or no display.</li> <li>1.5 Current consumption exceeds product specifications.</li> <li>1.6 OLED viewing angle defect.</li> <li>1.7 Mixed product types.</li> <li>1.8 Contrast defect.</li> </ol>	0.65
02	Black or white spots on OLED (display only)	<ul> <li>2.1 White and black spots on display ≤ 0.25mm, no more than three white or black spots present.</li> <li>2.2 Densely spaced: No more than two spots or lines within 3mm.</li> </ul>	2.5

NO	Item		Criterio	1		AQL
	OLED black spots, white spots, contaminati on (non- display)	3.1 Round type : As following drawing $\Phi=(x + y) / 2$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } SIZE \\ \hline \Phi \le 0.10 \\ \hline 0.10 < \Phi \le 0.20 \\ \hline 0.20 < \Phi \le 0.25 \\ \hline 0.25 < \Phi \end{tabular}$	Acceptable QTY ignore 2 1 0	Zone A+ B A+ B A+ B A+ B	2.5
03		3.2 Line type : (As	n Width W≦0.02 0 0.02 <w≦0.0< td=""><td>Acceptable Q TY ignore</td><td>Zone A+B A+B A+B</td><td>2.5</td></w≦0.0<>	Acceptable Q TY ignore	Zone A+B A+B A+B	2.5
04	Polarizer bubbles /Dent	<ul> <li>4.1 If bubbles are visible, judge using black spot specifications, not easy to find, must check in specify direction.</li> <li>4.2 The polarizer of</li> </ul>	Size $\Phi$ $\Phi \leq 0.20$ $0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.50$ $0.50 < \Phi \leq 1.00$ $1.00 < \Phi$ Total Q TY dent follows this sp	Acceptable Q TY ignore 3 2 0 3 ecification.	Zone A+B A+B A+B A+B	2.5
05	Scratches	Follow NO.3 OLEI	D black spots, whit	e spots, contamina	tion.	

NO	Item	Criterion	AQL	
06	Chipped glass	Symbols Define: x: Chip length t: Glass thickness k: Seal width 	2.5	
06	Glass crack	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		

NO	Item	Criterion		
		6.2.2 Non-conductive portion:	AQL	
		$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		
06	Glass crack	<ul> <li>If the chipped area touches the ITO terminal, over 2/3 of the ITO must remain and be inspected according to electrode terminal specifications.</li> <li>If the product will be heat sealed by the customer, the alignment mark not be damaged.</li> <li>6.2.3 Substrate protuberance and internal crack.</li> </ul>	2.5	
		$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		
07	Cracked glass	The OLED with extensive crack is not acceptable.	2.5	
08	Backlight elements	<ul><li>8.1 Illumination source flickers when lit.</li><li>8.2 Spots or scratched that appear when lit must be judged. Using OLED spot, lines and contamination standards.</li></ul>		
09	Bezel	<ul> <li>8.3 Backlight doesn't light or color wrong.</li> <li>9.1 Bezel may not have rust, be deformed or have fingerprints, stains or other contamination.</li> </ul>		
~	A C	<ul> <li>9.2 Bezel must comply with job specifications.</li> <li>10.1 COB seal may not have pinholes larger than 0.2mm or contamination.</li> <li>10.2 COB seal surface may not have pinholes through to the IC.</li> <li>10.3 The height of the COB should not exceed the height indicated in the assembly diagram.</li> <li>10.4 There may not be more than 2mm of sealant outside the seal area on the PCB. And there should be no more than three places.</li> </ul>		
10	PCB , COB	<ul> <li>three places.</li> <li>10.5 No oxidation or contamination PCB terminals.</li> <li>10.6 Parts on PCB must be the same as on the production characteristic chart. There should be no wrong parts, missing parts or excess parts.</li> <li>10.7 The jumper on the PCB should conform to the product characteristic chart.</li> </ul>	2.5 0.65 0.65	
		10.8 If solder gets on bezel tab pads, OLED pad, zebra pad or screw hold pad, make sure it is smoothed down.	2.5	

NO	Item	Criterion	
11	Soldering	<ul> <li>11.1 No un-melted solder paste may be present on the PCB.</li> <li>11.2 No cold solder joints, missing solder connections, oxidation or icicle.</li> <li>11.3 No residue or solder balls on PCB.</li> <li>11.4 No short circuits in components on PCB.</li> </ul>	
12	General appearance	<ul> <li>12.1 No oxidation, contamination, curves or, bends on interface Pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.2 No cracks on interface pin (OLB) of TCP.</li> <li>12.3 No contamination, solder residue or solder balls on product.</li> <li>12.4 The IC on the TCP may not be damaged, circuits.</li> <li>12.5 The uppermost edge of the protective strip on the interface pin must be present or look as if it cause the interface pin to sever.</li> <li>12.6 The residual rosin or tin oil of soldering (component or chip component) is not burned into brown or black color.</li> <li>12.7 Sealant on top of the ITO circuit has not hardened.</li> <li>12.8 Pin type must match type in specification sheet.</li> <li>12.9 OLED pin loose or missing pins.</li> <li>12.10 Product packaging must the same as specified on packaging specification sheet.</li> <li>12.11 Product dimension and structure must conform to product specification sheet.</li> </ul>	2.5 0.65 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.65 0.65 0.65 0.65

Check Item	Classification	Criteria
No Display	Major	
Missing Line	Major	
Pixel Short	Major	
Darker Short	Major	
Wrong Display	Major	
Un-uniform B/A x 100% < 70% A/C x 100% < 70%	Major	A Normal B Dark Fixel C Light Fixel

## **11.Precautions in use of OLED Modules**

### Modules

- (1) Avoid applying excessive shocks to module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- (2) Don't make extra holes on the printed circuit board, change the components or modify its shape of OLED display module.
- (3) Don't disassemble the OLED display module.
- (4) Do not apply input signals while the logic power is off.
- (5) Don't operate it above the absolute maximum rating.
- (6) Don't drop, bend or twist OLED display module.
- (7) Soldering: only to the I/O terminals.
- (8) Hot-Bar FPC soldering condition: 280~350C, less than 5 seconds.
- (9) Winstar has the right to change the passive components (Resistors, capacitors and other passive components will have different appearance and color caused by the different supplier.) and change the PCB Rev. (In order to satisfy the supplying stability, management optimization and the best product performance...etc, under the premise of not affecting the electrical characteristics and external dimensions, Winstar have the right to modify the version.)
- (10) Winstar has the right to upgrade or modify the product function.
- (11) For COG & COF structure OLED products, customers should reserve VCC (VPP) adjustment function or software update function when designing OLED supporting circuit. (The progress of OLED light-emitting materials will increase the conversion efficiency and the brightness. The brightness can be adjusted if necessary).

#### 11.1. Handling Precautions

- (1) Since the display panel is being made of glass, do not apply mechanical impacts such as dropping from a high position.
- (2) If the display panel is broken by some accident and the internal organic substance leaks out, be careful not to inhale nor lick the organic substance.
- (3) If pressure is applied to the display surface or its neighborhood of the OLED display module, the cell structure may be damaged. So, be careful not to apply pressure to these sections.
- (4) The polarizer covering the surface of the OLED display module is soft and easily scratched.
- (5) When the surface of the polarizer of the OLED display module has soil, clean the surface. It takes advantage by using following adhesion tape.

\* Scotch Mending Tape No. 810 or an equivalent

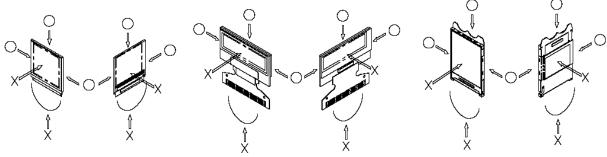
Never try to breathe upon the soiled surface nor wipe the surface using cloth containing solvent such as ethyl alcohol, since the surface of the polarizer will become cloudy.

Also, pay attention that the following liquid and solvent may spoil the polarizer:

- \* Water
- \* Ketone
- \* Aromatic Solvents
- (6) Protection film is being applied to the surface of the display panel and removes the protection film before assembling it. At this time, if the OLED display module has been stored for a long period of time, residue adhesive material of the protection film may remain on the surface of the display panel after removed of the film. In such case, remove the residue material by the method introduced in the above Section 5.
- (7) Do not touch the following sections whenever possible while handling the OLED display modules.
  - \* Pins and electrodes

\* Pattern layouts such as the TCP & FPC

(8) Hold OLED display module very carefully when placing OLED display module into the System housing. Do not apply excessive stress or pressure to OLED display module. And, do not over bend the film with electrode pattern layouts. These stresses will influence the display performance. Also, secure sufficient rigidity for the outer cases.



- (9) Do not apply stress to the LSI chips and the surrounding molded sections.
- (10) Pay sufficient attention to the working environments when handing OLED display modules to prevent occurrence of element breakage accidents by static electricity.

\* Be sure to make human body grounding when handling OLED display modules.

\* Be sure to ground tools to use or assembly such as soldering irons.

\* To suppress generation of static electricity, avoid carrying out assembly work under dry environments.

\* Protective film is being applied to the surface of the display panel of the OLED display module. Be careful since static electricity may be generated when exfoliating the protective film.

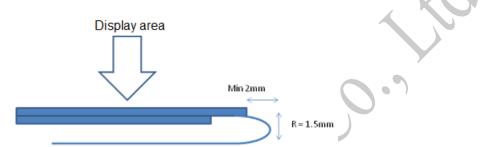
#### 11.2. Storage Precautions

- (1) When storing OLED display modules, put them in static electricity preventive bags to avoid be directly exposed to sun or lights of fluorescent lamps. And, also, place in the temperature 25±5°C and Humidity below 65% RH.(We recommend you to store these modules in the packaged state when they were shipped from Winstar. At that time, be careful not to let water drops adhere to the packages or bags.)
- (2) When the OLED display module is being dewed or when it is placed under high temperature or high humidity environments, the electrodes may be corroded if electric current is applied. Please store it in clean environment.

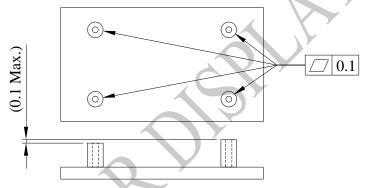
#### 11.3. Designing Precautions

- (1) The absolute maximum ratings are the ratings which cannot be exceeded for OLED display module, and if these values are exceeded, OLED display module may be damaged.
- (2) To prevent occurrence of malfunctioning by noise, pay attention to satisfy the VIL and VIH specification and to make the signal line cable as short as possible.
- (3) We recommend you to install excess current preventive unit (fuses, etc.) to the power circuit (VDD / VCC). (Recommend value: 0.5A)
- (4) Pay sufficient attention to avoid occurrence of mutual noise interference with the nearby devices.
- (5) As for EMI, take necessary measures on the equipment side basically.
- (6) If the power supplied to the OLED display module is forcibly shut down by such errors as taking out the main battery while the OLED display panel is in operation, we cannot guarantee the quality of this OLED display module.
  - \* Connection (contact) to any other potential than the above may lead to rupture of the IC.

- (7) If this OLED driver is exposed to light, malfunctioning may occur and semiconductor elements may change their characteristics.
- (8) The internal status may be changed, if excessive external noise enters into the module. Therefore, it is necessary to take appropriate measures to suppress noise generation or to protect module from influences of noise on the system design.
- (9) We recommend you to make periodical refreshment of the operation statuses (re-setting of the commands and re-transference of the display data) to cope with catastrophic noise.
- (10) It's pretty common to use "Screen Saver" to extend the lifetime and Don't use the same image for long time in real application. When an OLED display module is operated for a long of time with fixed pattern, an afterimage or slight contrast deviation may occur.
- (11) The limitation of FPC and Film bending.



(12) The module should be fixed balanced into the housing, or the module may be twisted.



(13) Please heat up a little the tape sticking on the components when removing it; otherwise the components might be damaged.

#### 11.4. Precautions when disposing of the OLED display modules

(1) Request the qualified companies to handle industrial wastes when disposing of the OLED display modules. Or, when burning them, be sure to observe the environmental and hygienic laws and regulations.